
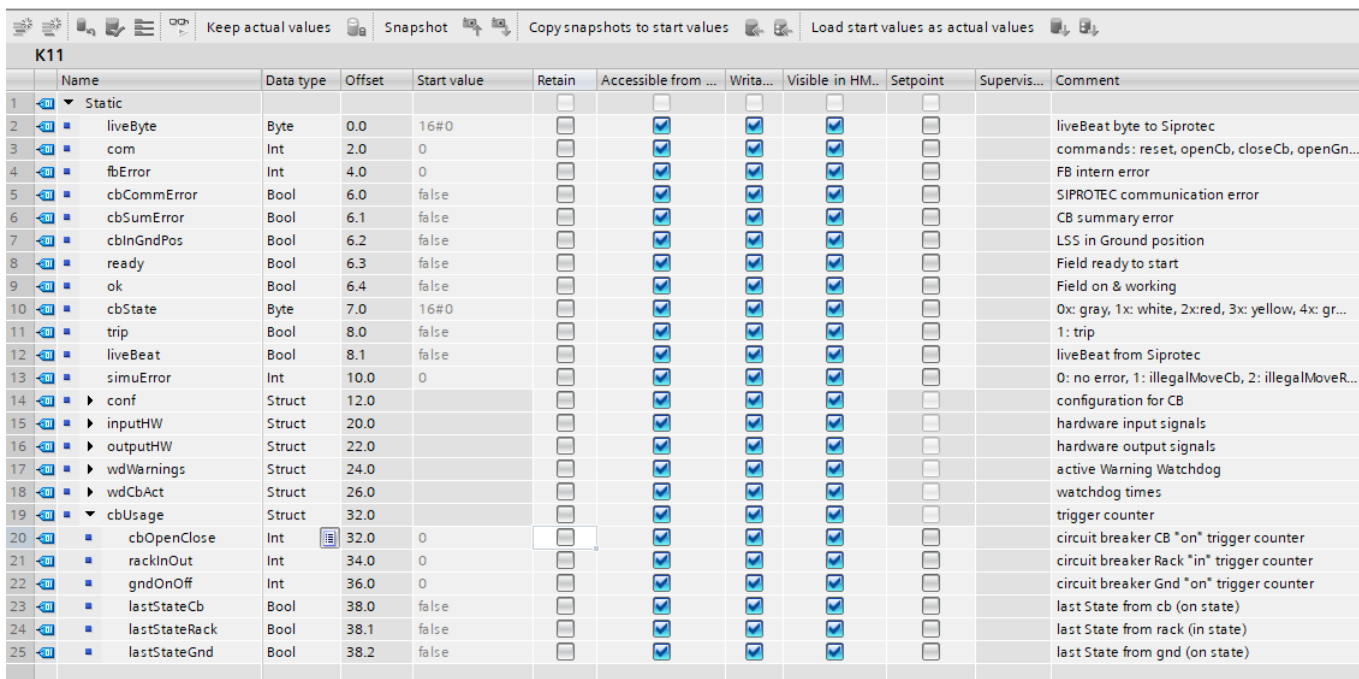


## Data block (DB)

“DB” stands for DATA\_BLOCK or the German term “Datenbaustein”, indicating a data area. It can contain various data types permitted and defined by the specific PLC. The total size of all DBs is limited by the PLC's data capacity. Since the PLC isn't optimized for storing large data, we do not save images, music, files, or extensive text files within a DB. In the TIA-Portal, DBs are marked with a small blue barrel icon (  ). The image below shows the contents of a DB, along with some settings:



	Name	Data type	Offset	Start value	Retain	Accessible from ...	Writa...	Visible in HM...	Setpoint	Supervis...	Comment
1	Static										
2	liveByte	Byte	0.0	16#0		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			liveBeat byte to Siprotec
3	com	Int	2.0	0		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			commands: reset, openCb, closeCb, openGn...
4	fbError	Int	4.0	0		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			FB intern error
5	cbCommError	Bool	6.0	false		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			SIPROTEC communication error
6	cbSumError	Bool	6.1	false		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			CB summary error
7	cbInGndPos	Bool	6.2	false		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			LSS in Ground position
8	ready	Bool	6.3	false		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			Field ready to start
9	ok	Bool	6.4	false		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			Field on & working
10	cbState	Byte	7.0	16#0		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			0x: gray, 1x: white, 2x:red, 3x: yellow, 4x: gr...
11	trip	Bool	8.0	false		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			1: trip
12	liveBeat	Bool	8.1	false		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			liveBeat from Siprotec
13	simuError	Int	10.0	0		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			0: no error, 1: illegalMoveCb, 2: illegalMoveR...
14	conf	Struct	12.0			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			configuration for CB
15	inputHW	Struct	20.0			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			hardware input signals
16	outputHW	Struct	22.0			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			hardware output signals
17	wdWarnings	Struct	24.0			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			active Warning Watchdog
18	wdCbAct	Struct	26.0			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			watchdog times
19	cbUsage	Struct	32.0			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			trigger counter
20	cbOpenClose	Int	32.0	0		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			circuit breaker CB "on" trigger counter
21	rackInOut	Int	34.0	0		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			circuit breaker Rack "in" trigger counter
22	gndOnOff	Int	36.0	0		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			circuit breaker Gnd "on" trigger counter
23	lastStateCb	Bool	38.0	false		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			last State from cb (on state)
24	lastStateRack	Bool	38.1	false		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			last State from rack (in state)
25	lastStateGnd	Bool	38.2	false		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			last State from gnd (on state)

The columns are as follows:

Column	Description
<b>Name</b>	The name of the variable within the DB. The variable names are unique, and the DB name is displayed in the upper-left corner, in this case: <i>K11</i> . The variable names are supplemented with this, e.g., <i>"K11".liveByte</i> . This also means that the DB can be copied and renamed one-for-one. That is, if this DB is copied and renamed to, for example, <i>"K12"</i> , the above reference will be <i>"K12".liveByte</i> . In the case of a structure, for example, <i>"cbUsage"</i> , the entire structure depth must be defined, for example: <i>"K11".cbUsage.cbOpenClose</i> .
<b>Data type</b>	The data type. Structures and arrays must be created when defining the DB by entering, for example, type Struct in the Data type field.
<b>Offset</b>	The offset of the variable within the DB. This appears only for non-optimized DBs. More details: <a href="#">optimized DB</a>
<b>Start value</b>	The starting value of the given variables, which the PLC takes on when restarting. The default value can be overwritten in the cell.
<b>Retain</b>	Values to be retained when restarting. It can only be set for the entire DB, so it is worth grouping the values to be stored in a DB
<b>Accessible from HMI/OPC UA/Web API</b>	The value is accessible from external applications. For structures and arrays, the setting can only be defined for the entire block. OPC access can be enabled/disabled in the settings, see <a href="#">DB Properties</a> .
<b>Writable from HMI/OPC UA/Web API</b>	The given value can be written from external applications.

Column	Description
<b>Visible in HMI engineering</b>	The setting disables or enables the HMI integration of the variable. In addition to disabling HMI, OPC can also be enabled, see <a href="#">DB Properties</a> .
<b>Setpoint</b>	This allows you to initialize values in a data block (DB) online while the CPU is in RUN mode.
<b>Comment</b>	Description of the function of the field.

## DB Limits

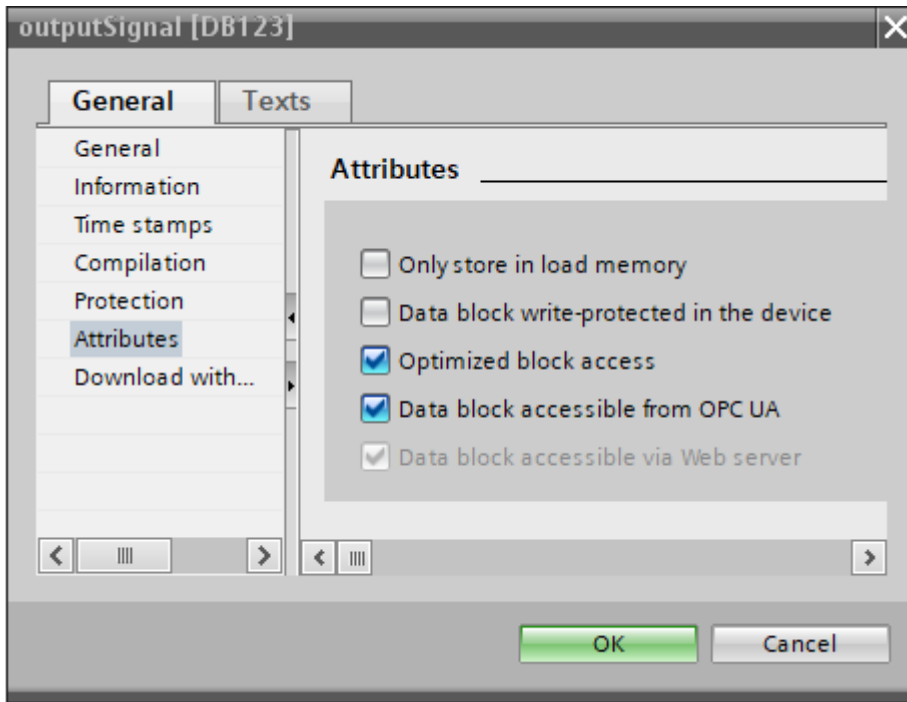
- You can define up to 252 structures within a single data block for S7-1200/S7-1500, regardless of the data types used in the structures.
- Maximum DB Number: The total number of data blocks is generally capped at 65,535, due to the common use of a 16-bit address range.
- Maximum DB Size (Standard - not optimized - Access): For older PLC models like S7-300/400 and for standard access DBs in newer models, each DB's size typically does not exceed 64 KB (65,534 bytes).
- Maximum DB Size (Optimized Access): In contrast, S7-1200/S7-1500 CPUs that utilize optimized access have a much larger size limit, which varies based on the CPU's total working memory and can reach from 1 MB up to 10 MB or more per DB.

## Instant vs global DB

A **global DB** is a data block that programmers can freely create and populate with variables. These variables may include default Simatic types (INT, REAL, etc.), structures, arrays, or UDTs.

**Instant DBs** are implicitly created when FBs are called for the first time. This call is primarily through the instant DB. When an FB is deleted, the TIA Portal also issues a separate warning about removing the instant DB. The contents of the instant DB automatically update with changes to the FB's variable list. It can include default Simatic variables like INT, REAL, structures, arrays, and UDTs. If the FB calls other embedded FBs (e.g., TON, TOF), their instant DBs are also stored here, resulting in a **multi-instant DB**.

## DB Properties



(right-click on the DB → Properties..)

Name the attribut	Description
<b>Only store in load memory</b>	This attribute is stored on the PLC's Micro Memory Card (MMC) or similar non-volatile storage, not in the CPU's working RAM, making it ideal for large, infrequently used data such as recipes or logs. It's accessed using special instructions like READ_DBL or WRIT_DBL to transfer data to/from working memory. This preserves precious working memory, but requires explicit programming to move data for active processing. The data survives power cycles but can be lost with a factory reset.
<b>Data block write-protected in the device</b>	Make the entire data block read-only.
<b>Optimized block access</b>	Optimized variable order within the DB. See below: <a href="#">Optimized DB</a> .
<b>Data block accessible from OPC UA</b>	The data block can be accessed and published by OPC UA. See: <a href="#">OPC UA</a> .

### Optimized DB

Simatic groups variables in the optimized DB so they occupy as little storage space as possible. This means that it is "not visible from the outside" where a given data item is located within the storage space, i.e., in this case, the offset is not displayed in the editor window:

Name	Data type	Start value	Retain	Accessible f...	Writa...	Visible in ...	Setpoint	Supervis...	Comment
Static									
relK15_1	Bool	false		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			release K15 ch 1
relK15_2	Bool	false		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			release K15 ch 2
relK17_1	Bool	false		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			release K17 ch 1
relK17_2	Bool	false		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			release K17 ch 2

On the one hand, this helps better utilize the PLC's storage space. Still, on the other hand, it makes

operations that require direct addressing (communication modules - Modbus, direct addressing, etc.) impossible. In such cases, this option must be disabled in the settings (*right-click on the DB* → *Properties..* → *Attributes* → *Optimized block access* → *OFF*)

## Tags vs DB data

There are two basic methods for storing data in PLCs (in a simplified view). One involves placing variables in a global memory table alongside input and output variables, while the other uses data blocks (DBs). From my experience, storing data in DBs tends to be simpler and more straightforward for several reasons.

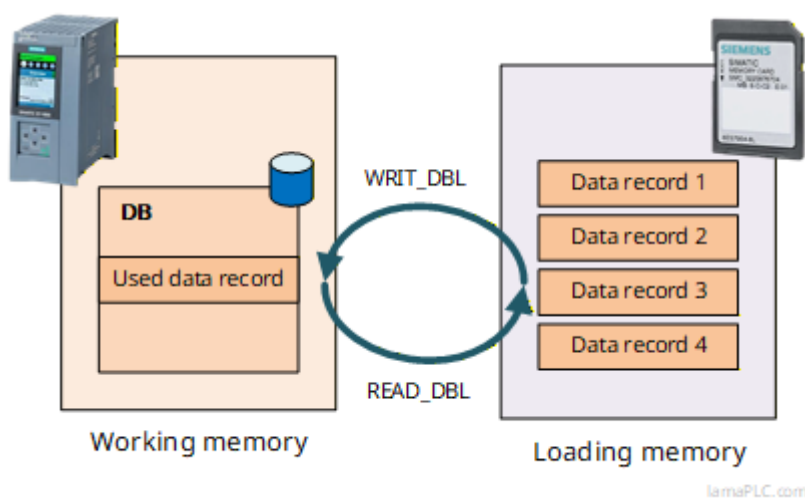
- Function-specific data can be stored in DBs. For example, the “motor1” DB contains only data for the 1st motor, but all of them (speed, load, temperature, on-off, errors, ...)
- If someone wants to define a “motor2” as well, identical to “motor1” in terms of its parameters, they just need to copy the previous DB
- Cross-reference management of data immediately points to the given DB, from which we can immediately deduce their function
- If the data is already in the instant DBs assigned to the FBs, it is easy to embed them in a calling FB to use them as multi-instants.

Typically, I don't bother defining variables within the Tags; creating them directly in the databases suffices—though this is just my personal preference.

## Storing DB records in the load memory

In PLCs, working memory is PLC-dependent and often very limited. We may have a lot of information that does not need to be read and written cyclically. Examples include recipe data (a list of technological components), parameter data, or database assignments that are needed only occasionally.

In these cases, one option is to store the data not in working memory but on the SD card and in load memory, and to transfer them only when needed using the “WRIT\_DBL” and “READ\_DBL” operations.





More information:

TIA Datatypes: [S7 data types summary table](#)

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